and white below. They have black Males are blue above

ending with a high buzz-like trill, ZHEE series of rising and accelerating notes, buzz-like on one pitch, followed by a short June. The song of the male is rapid and in the canopy, from late April through midtracts of mature oak-hickory forests, high for them on ridges and slopes with large white wing bars and white tail spots. Look have no "necklace". Both sexes have 2 white or yellowish eyebrow stripe; they green above with white under parts and a neck. Females are bluish-green to oliveblack line, or "necklace", across their streaks on their back and sides and a

# .19992ZZZ IZIZIZIZ 33HZ

#### pam@conservingcarolina.org Please send reports with photos to

Polk County's 'Most Wanted' Thanks to David Campbell for identifying

peap no spba alpnis the ground laying Females walk along suq pnttettiybush. ironweed, red clover swamp milkweeds, cluding common and nectar from plants innderside. Adults teed on dung and flower wing portion and mostly orange on the

under tail coverts.

a short tail, and long

with long pointed wings,

They are 4-5" in length,

early spring migrants.

(Setophaga cerulea)

Cerulean Warbler

Cerulean Warblers are



Yucca Giant-skipper

year, laying large, one generation each The butterfly pro-duces (Alegathymus yuccae)

Feb. to May. After hatchon Yucca leaves from amber-brown eggs singly

the burrow, a key indicator to their presence. inent silken tent or chimney at the opening of and feed within the root, constructing a prommature, older larvae bore into the plant crown ing, young larvae feed on host leaves. As they



Pine stumps or logs. often found beneath the peeling bark of small, slender snakes, ~18". They are touch yellow bands. Kingsnakes are bands where Coral Snakes red bands Kingsnakes red bands touch the black Snake known from southeastern NC. snake is similar to the venomous Coral encircle its body. This non-venomous red, black, yellow or white bands that



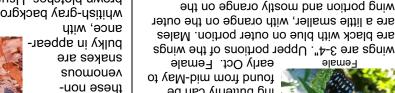
Known for their (səpiosdejə



шпјпвиеці 🌆 sijjədoıdwe7) 🛽 Scarlet Kingsnake







in NC, 4-6' long

morning or late afternoon. brown blotches. Usually active in the whitish-gray background and black or

Skunk

Skunk has a 10-27" (with tail) weasel-like

on their tail and a white, inverted triangle-

reach 60 mm in length, with mandibles;

females 30-35 mm. This species requires

large rotting deciduous trees and stumps within which to complete its life cycle.

shaped patch on their forehead.

black coat has 4-6 broken white stripes that look like spots. They usually have a white tip

body and weighs 1-4 pounds. The dark

(Spilogal putorius) Smaller than the

more common Eastern Striped Skunk,

the Eastern Spotted

Giant Stag Beetle

(Lucanus elaphus) The males are much

mandibles for use in

battling other males for mates. Males may

possess large

larger than females and

largest snakes globally, this impres-One of the Ranked as "very rare" (Pituophis melanoleucus melanoleucus) (eneib enevyed2) **Northern Pine Snake** Diana Fritillary Eastern Spotted



Animals & Habitats



## Spotlighting Species of Interest in Polk County, NC

For more information, visit the Conserving Carolina website at www.conservingcarolina.org/polk-countysmost-wanted-plants-animals



847 Case Street Hendersonville, NC 28792

(828)697-5777 info@conservingcarolina.org



Bog Turtle (Glyptemys muhlenbergi) The smallest turtle in the US, 3-4".

-emale



They inhabit wet areas with emergent



early Oct. Female

ing butterfly can be

sive, large forest dwell-

vegetation, preferring cool, clear, shallow,

slow-moving, muddy bottomed streams. Look for a bright orange to yellow blotch on either side of the head and neck.

Green Salamander

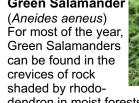


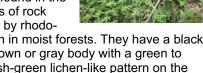
dendron in moist forests. They have a black, dark brown or gray body with a green to yellowish-green lichen-like pattern on the head, back, and tail.

#### Vernal Pools

Vernal pools are seasonal and temporary, typically

fish, which is why these small water bodies are important breeding sites for many species of amphibians, notably salamanders.







occurring within the lower areas of mixed hardwood forests. Because of their temporary nature, vernal pools are not inhabited by



tubes running up the lower bases of tree trunks, rocks, etc. The tubes become camouflaged over time, as bits of twigs, algae, etc. become incorporated. The spider hides inside, and if an unfortunate insect walks across, the spider pierces it from within the lair with fangs, and pulls it inside for slow digestion.

1" long. Instead of a 'web', they make silken



on its abdomen that serves to distinguish it from other species of Bumblebees. Collection records indicate that this species has been found in North Carolina, and may very well still be present here. Open, sunny areas that contain an abundance of wildflowers serve as an excellent place to search for this, and other, species of Bumblebees.



**Red-legged Purseweb** 

Tarantula, the Red-legged

(Sphodros rufipes)

A close relative of the

Spider

Rusty-patched Bumblebee (Bombus affinis) The aptly-named Rusty-patched Bumblebee bears an orange colored spot

-ətem e si gniqqotlliH ".eniqqoflliH" behavior known as interesting insect 📓 lookout tor an epring, be on the To lavina sht htive 🛽 **Buiddo** 

no means the most numerous. community" in our region, but they are by most visible members of the "hilltopping Anglewings (Polygonia spp.) are often the Mourning Cloak (Nymphalis antiopa) and seek mates. Butterflies, like the pictured the landscape and congregate there to insects will seek out the highest points in dragontlies, beetles, and tlies. Simply put, groups of insects such as butterflies, εεεκιυα ρεμαλιοι εωbιολεα ρλ ωαυλ



In patterns of or-Beautifully arrayed (uojeeyd seluplydng) Checkerspot Baltimore

sude' plack, and

(c. irus)

Frosted

habitats with no Turtlehead plants at all. casionally encounter this butterfly in upland Chelone, are found. However, one may octood plants, Turtlehead plants of the genus wetlands and bogs, where the primary larval mately 2.5 - 3 inches. Preterred habitats are Checkerspot has a wingspan of approxiwhite, the Baltimore

> often mistaken for snakes - even though their head is not distinctly 'set off' from the main body. Also, unlike snakes, Glass Lizards have ears - small openings in the side of their head. They are usually brown or light yellowish brown in overall coloration, with darker bands being prominently displayed over their backs and tails. Overall lengths vary from 2' to 31/2' in length. Their scales are smooth and give a somewhat glossy appearance.

able to regenerate the lost tails, which

they're never as perfect in appearance as

the initial tail. Since they lack legs, they are

#### Barn Owl



(Tyto alba) The Barn Owl, a ghostly nocturnal denizen of our fields and farmlands, is a distinctive species, buff in coloration with a slightly

white, heart-shaped face and stand approximately 11/2' in height. In flight, it often looks entirely white. Its preferred prey includes mice, voles, and other rodents.

darker back. They have a



Timber Rattlesnake (Crotalus horridus) A medium to largesized snake, occasionally over 5' in length (usually around  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4'), the Timber Rattlesnake can be

Iungless salamander Belonging to the (aassojyeuol) (Plethodon Salamander Yonahlossee



Females are usually larger than males. in adulthood to form a large 'saddle.' plotches on their back and these will tuse the back. Juveniles will sport red spots or reddish 'saddle' over the middle portion of the body, and a prominent and large dark background coloration for most of maturity. Coloration is distinctive, with a length of about 20 centimeters at sexual one of our larger species, reaching a family Plethodontidae, the Yonahlossee is

Cecropia Moth

America, Cecropia moth species in North One of the largest silk (eidouses) (Hyalophora

are red, yellow, and blue. rounded projections on the surface) that prominent prickly tubercles (small several inches long, and light green with spectacular beast in its own right), is parks, and backyards. The caterpillar (a include forests, woodland edges, city gray, pink, and black. Preferred habitats and a coloration consisting of red, white, hash a wingspan in excess of 5.5 inches,

light background with slightly darker

more abundant in mountains. The

approach too closely.

**American Burying** 

length of over 1.5".

The coloration of this

(Nicrophorus americanus)

A large beetle, attaining a

Beetle

mottling/chevrons. Darker colored ones are

camouflage is superb, and serves them

Their diet consists largely of rodents. As

snakes will utilize the rattles on their tails to warn you of their presence if you should

(and most other members of the genus) is a

markings upon the head and thorax. Unlike

other closely related species in our area, the

American Burving Beetle has an orange/red

species is also nocturnal, often recorded as

being attracted to artificial lights, a trait that

black body with various red or orange

thorax that is distinctive. This particular

may have led to its current scarcity.

with other members of its genus, these

well in their role as ambush predators.



or March.

Brown

usually on the wing as early as February

gray. They are active in the early spring,

%" – 1¼". Also fairly subtle in coloration,

(C. augustinus) (C. henrici) (C. niphon)

These small butterflies range in size from

Henry's Estrn Pine

(.dds s/uydolle))

Elfin Butterflies

biodiversity contained within a single, large,

provide nutrients for an entire community of

water-tilled tree hole can be immense.

microbes, tungi, and invertebrates. The

leaves, and other organic debris which

Many tree holes contain water, rotting

may also be found on coniferous trees.

mature trees. Although occurring more

encountered on large,

appetizing name of rot

reterred to by the less

Iree holes, sometimes

holes, are often

Iree Holes

frequently on deciduous trees, tree holes

Slender Glass Lizard

Glass Lizards are so-

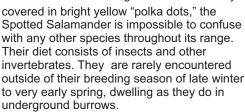
named because they

readily lose or 'drop'

(Ophisaurus

attenuatus)

they display a range of shades of brown to



up to nine inches in length with a black body



Hoverflies, incredible

Spotted Salamander (Ambystoma maculatum) A stout species reaching

mimics of stinging wasps and bees such as the pictured Syrphid Fly.



wound (known as flux) contains sugar which provides food for bacteria and other types of microorganisms. In turn, these microorganisms provide nourishment for the larvae of some of our most spectacular



Sap Runs Sap runs are a fascinating micro-habitat that occur on trees where an injury has resulted from some type of physical damage. Sap



a striking resemblance I he Locust Borer bears (Megacyllene robiniae) Locust Borer

to stinging wasps, such

Goldenrod flowers. observed feeding and mating on the beetles preter sunny, warm days and may be stand of Black Locust - that is ideal. The locate a patch of Goldenrod adjacent to a where the adults feed on pollen. If one can tor adult beetles is to seek out Goldenrods, I he best method to employ when searching helps the beetles to avoid predation by birds. form of mimicry (known as Batesian mimicry) as Yellow Jackets - this



## Sugar Maple Borer

'sigaí

tree and these scars may persist for many horizontal scars formed on the trunk of the Evidence of larval activity can be seen as trees and this can be observed year-round. the damage the larvae cause to Sugar Maple markings. This insect is best recognized by about 1" long, black, and has yellow robust and mimic Yellow Jackets. The adult is Adult Sugar Maple Borers are large and (snsoi)ວອds snigoo(ເຄ)



(Craterellus fallax) These hard-to-spot mushrooms are dark in coloration with a tube-like appearance

nickname "packrats." The nest structures are often located in or under rock outcroppings, in large cavity trees, in large slash piles, or in abandoned buildings. They have gray-brown or rusty brown fur on the back, a white belly, and white paws.

that is very reminiscent of a trumpet. The

and a half inches in length with a gravish-

vellowish to orange. As for habitat, Black

Trumpet prefers growing under Oak and

Beech trees, often in a carpet of moss.

'trumpets' are usually from one to two

black coloration. The spore print is



Owlfly

Eastern Woodrat (Neotoma floridana haematoreia) Woodrat nests are built inside a large "house" constructed of sticks, leaves, branches, and scavenged litter, hence the

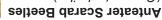




#### Order Neuroptera

"Nerve-wings" due to veined structures on insects are commonly reterred to as as include Mantidflies and Owlflies. These tauna, Neuroptera ("Nerve-wings") which Try to find this interesting order of insect

areas throughout the spring and summer vegetation in old fields or lightly wooded attracted to lights or seen flying among have very long antennae. They are often Owlflies look like dragonflies except they edges from mid-spring to late summer. in old fields, gardens, and woodland stinging wasps. They are found on flowers In our region, one species mimics the "Nantidities have strong raptorial "claws." their wings.



part of the day.



trichomes, that exude a of their body, known as nave hairs on certain parts and cryptically colored. They ʻqibuəj ui "½ - "¾ inoqe These beetles are small, (Cremastocheilus)

under such objects for shelter. or more beetles, as they will often congregate park or stones may reveal the presence of one early spring. Occasionally checking under the bark on top of ant nests in the late winter or locate these beetles is to place small stones or nests without being attacked. The best way to and fitying, allowing them to reside inside ant chemical signal that ants find pleasing or

paths, and semi-open areas receiving sun for

Polk County, commonly encountered species

butterflies can use to smell and taste with. In

other tour legs, and these front legs don't have

This tamily of butterflies gets its name from the

butterflies along old dirt roads, woodland

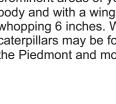
Question Mark butterflies, Look for these

include the Mourning Cloak, Comma, and

feet, just little brushes of hairs that the

Brush-footed Butterflies

tact that its front legs are shorter than the



**Ground Beetles** 

(Scaphinotus)

These beetles,

not surprisingly,

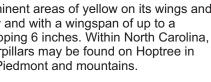
conditions often

prefer cool, damp

Giant Swallowtail (Papilio cresphontes) This largest species of Butterfly in North America is colored

dark, chocolate brown, with

prominent areas of vellow on its wings and body and with a wingspan of up to a whopping 6 inches. Within North Carolina, caterpillars may be found on Hoptree in the Piedmont and mountains.





Snail-Eating

near streams or on steep slopes above

streams or creeks. Scaphinotus are secretive

beetles may be made by looking under rocks

and logs in damp ravines that are favored by

setting out bait of slightly fermented bananas

snails, particularly at night. Oddly enough,

specimens may sometimes be caught by

(with a bit of yeast or beer added).

and typically nocturnal so they are not often

observed. Purposeful searches for these

North America's most widely dispersed upland game bird. These medium-sized birds have dark bars and spotted plumage that allows them to blend into their preferred habitat. Hard to see and find, they can more often be heard when they are "drumming," a sound that many liken to an engine trying to start.

panicked flight if you get too close!

length; about the size of a small, plump chicken walking upright on short legs. Look for these unobtrusive birds on the ground and under or near vegetation. Often, they can be spotted pecking and scratching the earth in search of insects and other food; however, more than likely, you'll spot them as they burst out of the vegetation in

**Ruffed Grouse** 

North Carolina's

(Bonasa

umbelius)

only grouse

species and

the only native quail in the eastern United States. These birds are often heard more than seen, with the male seemingly calling his name, whistling "Bob-WHITE!". They are about 10 inches in

(Colinus virginianus) The Northern Bobwhite is

Northern Bobwhite

massive, batв пээг иоу эчеН Ascalapha odorataD yjow Black Witch

rueir open wings. white, sometimes indescent, stripe across the males, lighter in color, and they have a similar, however, they are slightly larger than like a number nine, or comma. Females look highlights, on each forewing that is shaped small spot, often green with orange hints of iridescent purple and pink. There is a commonly associated with moths but with exhibit the plain, grey-brown, mottled pattern torewings. Males are dark in color and wingspan of up to / inches, and pointed easily recognized by their large size, a rest during the day and fly at night. They are the months of July through October. They disperses northward from the tropics during Not yet reported in Polk County, this moth colored moth?

with a thick neck, long legs, and a long, thick-based, pointed bill. Adult males are

flame-orange and black, they have a solidblack head and black wings with one white wing bar. Females and immature males are yellow-orange on the breast, gravish on the head and back, and have with two bold white wing bars on their grayish wings. Often seen perched or flitting in treetops, listen for the rich, whistling song. Male's sing a short series of paired notes, repeated 2-7 times. The female also sings, but her songs are much shorter. Both give a sharp, repetitive

#### **Red-headed Woodpecker**

(Melanerpes erythrocephalus) A medium-sized woodpecker with a brilliant red head, black back, large white belly. Their most common call is a hoarse,

habitat is open forest areas with a clear understory and numerous snags.

'chuck' call.

white wing patches, and a shrill tchur. Preferred

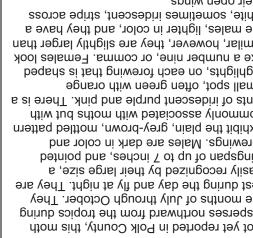
(Icterus galbula) À medium-sized, sturdy-bodied bird, smaller and more slender than an American Robin.

**Baltimore Oriole** 

# Alder Woolly

secretions from its exoskeleton color due to waxy conspicuous white syaped, and dark-







They blend easily areas, and gardens. fields, wooded This insect likes (euiloreo sitnemompet2)

reaches a length of 4-6 summer or early tall when it most conspicuous in late gray. The Carolina Mantid is in colors of brown, green, and vegetation as they are clothed into the background of the

garden pests. beneticial predator of many common count yourself tortunate, as this insect is a hundreds of eggs. If you find this Mantid, Egg cases typically contain dozens to length and are of a uniform tan coloration. approximately three quarters to one inch in winter, you may spot egg cases that are centimeters (1.5-2.5 inches). During the



**Carolina Mantid** 



American Golden-Plover

During the fall migration,

In flight, look for long,

down.

habitats (lawns).

they travel in small flocks.

narrow, and pointed wings.

On the ground, they appear as stocky,

medium-sized birds that often pause while

running to bob their bodies quickly up-and-

Both males and females have a white crown

stripe that extends down the side of the neck.

They have a black belly and face and a dark

white, and black. Females are paler overall.

September and October, especially after a

cold front. Look in drier portions of mudflats,

small pools, short grass and turf farms, spray

back and head that is mottled with gold,

In our area, look for this species is in

irrigation fields, and other short grass

(Pluvialis dominica)



# (snjejjəssəj

e sed bidqA The Alder Woolly Aphid (Prociphilus

feeding on colonies of Alder Woolly Aphid.

Harvester Butterfly (Feniseca tarquinius) -

A caretul observer may note the larvae of the

the County. Focus your search on the lower

is a common species and occurs throughout

sides. Smooth or Tag Alder (Alnus errulata)

ont only carnivorous butterfly species -

limbs of Alder trees.

wetlands and along stream

typically found in and around

prefer damp habitats and are

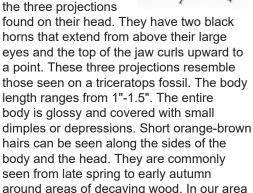
suggests, their host plants are

Alders (Alnus spp.). Alders

quite visible. As their name

teed in colonies making them

eyes and the top of the jaw curls upward to a point. These three projections resemble those seen on a triceratops fossil. The body length ranges from 1"-1.5". The entire body is glossy and covered with small dimples or depressions. Short orange-brown hairs can be seen along the sides of the body and the head. They are commonly seen from late spring to early autumn around areas of decaying wood. In our area Triceratops beetles can be spotted on warm days late into the year.



hind limbs. It's approximately 4" in length, with a light-colored dorsal surface 'sprinkled' with dark spots, gray sides, and a brownish/ reddish back. There is also a noticeable constriction of the tail. Preferred habitats are wooded wetlands and bogs. Mating occurs in the fall, and females lay eggs on land, often under clumps of moss.

As the name implies, it has four toes on its

**Triceratops Beetle** 

Triceratops beetles

name is derived from

(Phileurus truncates)

Four-toed Salamander (Hemidactylium scutatum)



They are characterized "2 - "<sub>s</sub>/'r to neqegniw e twinged butterflies with species of small, shor-I vis Skipper is a (Orbanus proteus) Long-tailed Skipper

eyes, and hindwings

pair of prominent, dark

py a large head and a



eqdes' and gardens. fields, roadsides, utility right-of-ways, forest July-November, prefering open, disturbed white. In our area, adults are most common blotches, and the margins are bordered in and dark bands, the hindwing has brownish of the forewings is brown with white spots base of the wings is visible. The underside obeu, an iridescent bluish-green body and half of the torewing, and when the wings are pontglass shaped spots on the outer one brownish black with several white square to that of a swallowtail butterfly. They are with long "tails," like



**Queen Snake** (Regina septemvittata) A medium-sized watersnake (15"-24"),

slender, gray or olive-brown with one light stripe on each side of the body. Too, starting at the chin, the belly is light in color and divided by two brown stripes that run the length of the belly. They are active during the day and can be found near clean, flowing, rocky streams and small rivers throughout the mountains and Piedmont. They primarily eat crayfish, particularly those that are newly molted and soft. Mating occurs in the spring and females give birth to 5-23 live offspring in the late summer, July-September.



as a Sweetpotato This moth (also known (Agrius cingulata) Наwkmoth Pink-spotted

Adults can be seen

Sphinx Moth and the

Hornworm) is a type of

In North America.



late summer and fall. end of the abdomen. They can be seen in and black stripped head and a horn at the large and stout, and have a distinctive white base, near the abdomen. Caterpillars are hindwing has black bands and pink at the Wings are mottled gray and brown, but the abdomen, pink bands, and taper to a point. have stout bodies with a grayish brown June-October. They

emerge May-Sept. Caterpillars can be seen deciduous forest with nut trees. Adults creamy-yellow oval spots. Look for them in with red-orange wing veins and a tew light, yellow markings. The wings are a dull gray They a have stout orange-red body with Moths are large, with a wingspan of up to 6". run the length of the body. The adult Regal short, spiny-looking black projections that third segments near the head, followed by projections up to 34" long, on the second and have long orange and black-tipped dreenish blue with an orange head. They

harmless. Mature caterpillars are commonly



### **Flower Scarab Beetle**

(Gnorimella maculosa) This attractive scarab beetle is 3/4" in length with a variable coloration ranging from

almost black/gray to an orangish-yellow (and covered with whitish dots). An uncommon species, it lives in or adjacent to mature woodlands with many large hardwoods and an abundance of flowering shrubs. It has been observed in mature Beech woods in the Town of Columbus in Polk County but it likely occurs elsewhere throughout our region.

## Hickory Horned Devil

It looks fierce but it is

States reaching 6" in size!

caterpillar in the United

Moth. This is the largest

the Regal or Royal Walnut

larval (caterpillar) stage of

This name is given to the

(Citheronia regalis)

from July-Oct.